

Reg. No. :

6622

**Q.P. Code : [16 SC 01/
16 CA 01/16 IT 01/
16 CTG 01/16 SS 01/
16 MM 01/19 HSN 03/
20 BSA 03]**

(For the candidates admitted from 2016 onwards)

B.Sc./B.C.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2021.

First Semester

Part III – Computer Science / Computer Applications /
Information Tech. / Computer Tech. / Software Systems/
Multimedia and Web Tech. / Hardware Systems and
Networking

**MATHEMATICAL STRUCTURE FOR COMPUTER
SCIENCE**

Time : Three hours Maximum : 75 marks

SECTION A — (10 × 1 = 10 marks)

Answer ALL questions.

Choose the correct answer :

1. The eigen values of the matrix $\begin{pmatrix} 3 & 1 & 4 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 5 \end{pmatrix}$.
- (a) 3, 1, 4 (b) 3, 0, 0
(c) 0, 2, 4 (d) 3, 2, 5

2. If 2, 3, 4 be the eigen values of A , then $|A|$ is

 - (a) 9
 - (b) 24
 - (c) $\frac{1}{24}$
 - (d) $\frac{1}{9}$

3. If $A = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & -3 & 0 \\ 1 & 4 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$, the eigen values of A^2 is

 - (a) $-1, -3, 2$
 - (b) $1, 3, 2$
 - (c) $1, 9, 4$
 - (d) $\frac{1}{-1}, \frac{1}{-3}, \frac{1}{2}$

4. Gauss – Elimination method is _____ method.

 - (a) Indirect method
 - (b) Iterative method
 - (c) Direct method
 - (d) Approximate method

5. The value of ∇y_2 is

 - (a) $y_2 - y_1$
 - (b) $y_2 - y_3$
 - (c) $y_1 - y_2$
 - (d) $y_3 - y_2$

6. Gauss – Seidel method converges if

- (a) The no.of unknown and no.of equations are same
- (b) The system statistics diagonal dominance property
- (c) The rank of coefficient matrix coincides with the number of equations
- (d) The eigen values are distinct

7. If \bar{x}_1, \bar{x}_2 are the means of n_1 and n_2 observations respectively, then the mean \bar{n} of then combined group is

- (a) $\bar{x}_1 + \bar{x}_2$
- (b) $\frac{\bar{x}_1 + \bar{x}_2}{2}$
- (c) $\frac{\bar{x}_1 + \bar{x}_2}{n_1 + n_2}$
- (d) $\frac{n_1\bar{x}_1 + n_2\bar{x}_2}{n_1 + n_2}$

8. The most reliable measures of dispersion is

- (a) mean deviation
- (b) quartile deviation
- (c) standard deviation
- (d) range

9. The variables are not linearly correlated when

(a) $r = 0$ (b) $r = -1$
 (c) $r = 1$ (d) $r = 0.5$

10. The regression lines are $x = \bar{x}$ and $y = \bar{y}$. If

(a) $r = 0$ (b) $r = -1$
 (c) $r = 1$ (d) $r = 0.5$

SECTION B — (5 × 5 = 25 marks)

Answer ALL questions.

11. (a) Find the rank of the matrix $A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 4 & 5 & 6 \\ 7 & 8 & 9 \\ 0 & 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$.

Or

(b) Find the inverse of the matrix

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -1 & 1 \\ -1 & 2 & -1 \\ 1 & -2 & 2 \end{pmatrix}.$$

12. (a) Solve the system of equation by Gauss – Elimination method.

$$\begin{aligned}x + 2y + z &= 3; \\ 2x + 3y + 3z &= 10; \\ 3x - y + 2z &= 13\end{aligned}$$

Or

- (b) Solve using Gauss – Seidel method

$$\begin{aligned}10x - 5y - 2z &= 3; \\ 4x - 10y + 3z &= -3; \\ x + 6y + 10z &= -3\end{aligned}$$

13. (a) Find the value of y at $x = 1.05$

$$x : \quad 1.1 \quad 1.2 \quad 1.3 \quad 1.4 \quad 1.5 \quad 1.6$$

$$y : \quad 0.841 \quad 0.891 \quad 0.932 \quad 0.946 \quad 0.985 \quad 1.015$$

Or

- (b) Evaluate $\int_{-3}^3 x^4 dx$ by using Trapezoidal rule,
taking $h = 1$.

14. (a) Calculate the range and Quartile deviation
for the following distribution

Class : 20-30 30-40 40-50 50-60 60-70 70-80 80-90

$$f : \quad 3 \quad 61 \quad 132 \quad 153 \quad 140 \quad 51 \quad 2$$

Or

- (b) Calculate the mean deviation from the mean for the following :

Class :	0-10	10-20	20-30	30-40	40-50	50-60	60-70
$f:$	8	12	17	14	9	7	4

15. (a) The regression lines are $3x + 2y = 26$ and $6x + y = 31$. Find
 (i) The mean of x and y
 (ii) The correlation coefficient.

Or

- (b) Prove that $|r| \leq 1$.

SECTION C — (5 × 8 = 40 marks)

Answer ALL questions.

16. (a) Find the eigen values and eigen vectors of
 the matrix $x = \begin{pmatrix} -2 & 2 & -3 \\ 2 & 1 & -6 \\ -1 & -2 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$.

Or

- (b) Verify Cayley – Hamilton theorem and hence
 find the inverse of $A = \begin{pmatrix} 8 & -8 & 2 \\ 4 & -3 & -2 \\ 3 & -4 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$.

17. (a) By Gaussian elimination method, find the inverse of $A = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & 0 \\ 3 & -1 & -4 \end{pmatrix}$.

Or

- (b) Solve by Gauss – Jordon method, the following $x + y + z = 3$; $2x - y + 3z = 16$; $3x + y - z = -3$.

18. (a) Find $y(34)$ using Stirling's formula

$$x : \quad 20 \quad 25 \quad 30 \quad 35 \quad 40$$

$$y : \quad 11.4699 \quad 12.7834 \quad 13.7648 \quad 14.4982 \quad 15.0463$$

Or

- (b) By dividing the range into ten equal parts, evaluate $\int_0^\pi \sin x dx$ by Simpson's rule.

19. (a) Calculate the Mean, Median and Mode eof the following :

$$\text{Class : } 10-25 \quad 25-40 \quad 40-55 \quad 55-70 \quad 70-85 \quad 85-100$$

$$f : \quad 6 \quad 20 \quad 44 \quad 26 \quad 3 \quad 1$$

Or

- (b) The cores of two player given below. Who is the better player and also is the more consistent player?

A : 55 54 52 53 56 58 52 50 51 49

B : 108 107 105 105 106 107 104 103 104 101

20. (a) Find the coefficient of correlation and obtain the lines of regression from the data given below :

x : 22 26 29 30 31 31 34 35

y : 20 20 21 29 27 24 27 31

Or

- (b) Prove that :

$$(i) \quad r = 1 - \frac{1}{2n} \sum f \left(\frac{x - \bar{x}}{\sigma_x} - \frac{y - \bar{y}}{\sigma_y} \right)^2$$

$$(ii) \quad r = -1 + \frac{1}{2n} \sum f \left(\frac{x - \bar{x}}{\sigma_x} + \frac{y - \bar{y}}{\sigma_y} \right)^2$$

Hence Deduce that $-1 \leq r \leq 1$.